Consolidated Financial Statements **December 31, 2021**



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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of Haldimand County have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. When alternative accounting methods exist, management has chosen those it deems most appropriate in the circumstances. These statements include certain amounts based on management's estimates and judgments. Management has determined such amounts based on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

The integrity and reliability of The Corporation of Haldimand County's reporting systems are achieved through the use of formal policies and procedures, the careful selection of employees, and an appropriate division of responsibilities. These systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is reliable and accurate.

The Chief Administrative Officer is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibility for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the consolidated financial statements before they are submitted to Council.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited on behalf of the members of council, inhabitants, and ratepayers of The Corporation of Haldimand County by Millard, Rouse & Rosebrugh LLP, in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards.

Craig Mapley, Chief Administrative Officer

Mark Merritt, General Manager of Financial and Data Services -Chief Financial Officer

Cayuga, Ontario November 1, 2022

Haldimand County

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of Haldimand County:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of Haldimand County (the Organization), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets, and cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flow for the year then ended, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

Budget figures are provided for comparative purposes and have not been subject to audit procedures. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion regarding the budget figures.

We draw your attention to Note 20 of the financial statements which describes the effects of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) on the Organization. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of Haldimand County: *(continued)*

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Millard, Rouse + Rosebrugh LLP

Millard, Rouse & Rosebrugh LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

November 1, 2022 Simcoe, Ontario

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2021

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | | |
| FINANCIAL ASSETS | | |
| Cash | \$ 23,167,760 | \$ 15,081,071 |
| Investments (Note 3) | 209,481,233 | 180,947,499 |
| Taxes receivable | 11,489,392 | 9,493,256 |
| Accounts receivable | 10,586,426 | 10,758,223 |
| | 254,724,811 | 216,280,049 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable | 18,525,112 | 15,842,732 |
| Due to trust funds | 149,188 | 126,167 |
| Employee benefits liability (Note 4) | 12,090,400 | 12,956,900 |
| Allowance for assessment adjustments (Note 5) | 2,518,955 | 2,461,120 |
| Deferred revenue (Note 6) | 28,747,391 | 15,388,638 |
| Solid waste landfill closure and post-closure liability (Note 7) | 14,985,240 | 15,541,967 |
| Long-term liabilities (Note 8) | 63,964,393 | 62,404,317 |
| | 140,980,679 | 124,721,841 |
| NET FINANCIAL ASSETS | 113,744,132 | 91,558,208 |
| NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS | | |
| Tangible capital assets (Note 9) | 510,945,013 | 501,912,101 |
| Prepaid expenses | 305,957 | 345,714 |
| Inventory | 623,100 | 691,760 |
| | 511,874,070 | 502,949,575 |
| ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 10) | \$625,618,202 | \$594,507,783 |



Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

| | Budget 2021 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | (Note 18) | | |
| REVENUES | (- / | | |
| Taxation | \$ 76,699,680 | \$ 76,974,328 | \$ 73,920,774 |
| Government transfers - Federal (Note 11) | 2,956,770 | 1,027,480 | 6,371,332 |
| Government transfers - Provincial (<i>Note 12</i>) | 17,493,740 | 22,572,590 | 25,286,401 |
| Recoveries from other municipalities | 2,309,100 | 2,517,157 | 2,352,572 |
| User charges | 29,606,220 | 28,261,848 | 26,853,960 |
| Other income (Note 13) | 7,403,130 | 26,540,842 | 20,836,645 |
| | 136,468,640 | 157,894,245 | 155,621,684 |
| Expenses | | | |
| General government | 11,909,218 | 8,159,268 | 9,592,846 |
| Protection services | 20,384,816 | 18,093,745 | 17,841,176 |
| Transportation services | 30,134,954 | 36,656,505 | 37,375,000 |
| Environmental services | 31,122,324 | 26,027,087 | 24,952,824 |
| Health services | 9,697,687 | 9,098,314 | 8,488,696 |
| Social and family services | 13,347,398 | 13,892,708 | 13,494,491 |
| Social housing | 1,023,600 | 939,212 | 799,527 |
| Recreation and cultural services | 11,855,983 | 10,664,755 | 10,857,808 |
| Planning and development | 2,958,087 | 3,252,232 | 2,475,561 |
| | 132,434,067 | 126,783,826 | 125,877,929 |
| ANNUAL SURPLUS | 4,034,573 | 31,110,419 | 29,743,755 |
| Accumulated surplus - beginning of year | 594,507,783 | 594,507,783 | 564,764,028 |
| ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR | \$598,542,356 | \$625,618,202 | \$594,507,783 |



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

| | Budget 2021 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | (Note 18) | | |
| ANNUAL SURPLUS | \$ 4,034,573 | \$ 31,110,419 | \$ 29,743,755 |
| Amortization of tangible capital assets Purchase of tangible capital assets | 41,867,970 (47,234,580) | 25,061,330 (34,806,004) | 24,891,421 (39,058,100) |
| Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets | | 157,042 554,721 | 594,549 136,242 |
| Decrease in prepaid expenses Decrease in inventory | - | 39,756 68,660 | 410,957 8,810 |
| | (5,366,610) | (8,924,495) | (13,016,121) |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS | (1,332,037) | 22,185,924 | 16,727,634 |
| Net financial assets - beginning of year | 91,558,208 | 91,558,208 | 74,830,574 |
| NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR | \$ 90,226,171 | \$113,744,132 | \$ 91,558,208 |



Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Annual surplus | \$ 31,110,419 | \$ 29,743,755 |
| Items not affecting cash: | ψ 01,110,413 | ψ 20,740,700 |
| Amortization of tangible capital assets | 25,061,330 | 24,891,421 |
| Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets | 554,721 | 136,242 |
| | 56,726,470 | 54,771,418 |
| Changes in non-cash working capital: | | |
| Taxes receivable | (1,996,136) | (2,406,077) |
| Accounts receivable | 171,797 | 619,526 |
| Loan receivable | - | 1,914,788 |
| Accounts payable | 2,682,379 | (5,699,211) |
| Due to trust funds | 23,021 | 37,176 |
| Employee benefits liability | (866,500) | (897,600) |
| Allowance for assessment adjustments | 57,835 | (467,249) |
| Deferred revenue | 13,358,753 | (674,854) |
| Solid waste landfill closure and post-closure liability | (556,727) | (591,745) |
| Prepaid expenses | 39,756 | 410,957 |
| Inventory | 68,660 | 8,810 |
| | 12,982,838 | (7,745,479) |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 69,709,308 | 47,025,939 |
| CAPITAL ACTIVITIES | | |
| Purchase of tangible capital assets | (34,806,004) | (39,058,100) |
| Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets | 157,042 | 594,549 |
| Cash flow used by capital activities | (34,648,962) | (38,463,551) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Long-term debt issued | 8,348,650 | - |
| Repayment of long-term debt | (6,788,573) | (7,552,250) |
| Cash flow from (used by) financing activities | 1,560,077 | (7,552,250) |
| INCREASE IN CASH FLOW | 36,620,423 | 1,010,138 |
| Cash - beginning of year | 196,028,570 | 195,018,432 |
| | | |
| CASH - END OF YEAR | \$232,648,993 | \$196,028,570 |
| CASH CONSISTS OF: | | |
| Cash | \$ 23,167,760 | \$ 15,081,071 |
| Investments | 209,481,233 | 180,947,499 |
| | \$232,648,993 | \$196,028,570 |



1. INCORPORATION

Effective January 1, 2001, Haldimand County was incorporated as a single-tier municipality. Haldimand County assumed all assets, liabilities, and operations of the former Town of Haldimand and former Town of Dunnville and some of the assets, liabilities, and operations of the former City of Nanticoke and former Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk.

Based on the recommendations of the provincially appointed arbitrator of the transition and restructuring process, Haldimand County was given the administrative responsibility over investments and long-term liabilities existing as at December 31, 2000, some of which are to be shared with Norfolk County. Haldimand County was also to administer the Tom Howe and Canborough waste disposal sites. Norfolk County was given administrative responsibility as the Consolidated Municipal Service Manager, as well as the Board of Health, for the provision of Public Health and Social Services to both Haldimand County and Norfolk County.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of Haldimand County are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by The Corporation of Haldimand County are as follows:

Reporting entity

(i) Consolidated entities

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, changes in accumulated surplus, and changes in net financial assets of the reporting entity. The consolidated financial statements include the activities of all committees of Council and local boards, municipal enterprises, and utilities which are owned or controlled by the County. These consolidated financial statements include:

Haldimand County Public Library Board Police Services Board Court of Revision Committee of Adjustment Accessibility Advisory Board Haldimand County Business Development and Planning Advisory Committee Agricultural Advisory Committee Heritage Haldimand Advisory Committee Trails Advisory Committee Museum Advisory Committee Caledonia Business Improvement Area Dunnville Business Improvement Area Hagersville Business Improvement Area

All inter-departmental and inter-organizational transactions and balances between these organizations have been eliminated.



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(ii) Joint local boards

As explained in Note 1, Norfolk County has been given administrative responsibility for the following joint local board:

Joint Health and Social Services Advisory Committee

Amounts paid to Norfolk County for Haldimand County's proportionate share of health, social, and family services, and social housing are recorded as an expense on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

(iii) Accounting for school board transactions

The taxation, other revenue, expenses, assets, and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in the municipal fund balances of these financial statements. The taxation revenue collected and remitted on behalf of the school boards amounted to \$14,127,966 (2020 - \$15,473,223).

(iv) Trust funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the municipality are not consolidated and have their own separate audited financial statements.

(v) Provincial offences fines

Haldimand County administers the Provincial Offences Act (POA) on behalf of the Ministry of the Attorney General for the Haldimand County Court Service Area.

Fine revenue is recognized as the fine payment is received. Fine revenue includes all monies received less payments made to other municipalities for monies received on their behalf, less payments made to the Ministry of the Attorney General for victim fine surcharges and dedicated fines. Revenue also includes outstanding transfers of fine receipts collected by other municipalities.

A receivable for the value of fines issued but unpaid as at the year-end date amounts to \$6,430,971 (2020 - \$7,180,445) and is not recorded in these consolidated financial statements. Included in this figure is an amount in arrears transferred from the Province in 2001 approximating \$1,647,000.

(vi) Haldimand-Norfolk Housing Corporation

Bill 128 (the Social Housing Reform Act, 2000) provided for the formation of local housing corporations to be organized under the provisions of the Ontario Business Corporations Act with a municipal service manager as the sole shareholder. The Haldimand-Norfolk Housing Corporation was incorporated under the Ontario Business Corporations Act on December 14, 2000. The Corporation was deemed upon incorporation to have issued 100 common shares to The Corporation of Norfolk County. On July 12, 2001, 40 of those shares were transferred to The Corporation of Haldimand County. Haldimand-Norfolk Housing Corporation financial statements are not consolidated within these financial statements. The Haldimand-Norfolk Housing Corporation have their own audited financial statements reported separately.



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of presentation

Revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Revenue recognition

(i) Taxation

Annually, the County bills and collects property tax revenue for municipal levy purposes as well as education taxes on behalf of the local school boards. The County has the authority to levy and collect property taxes under the Municipal Act, 2001.

The amount of the total annual municipal property tax levy is determined each year through Council's approval of the annual operating budget. Municipal tax rates are set annually by Council for each class of property, in accordance with legislation and Council-approved policies, in order to raise the revenue needed to meet operating budget requirements.

The Municipal Property Assessment Corporation (MPAC), a not-for-profit corporation funded by all of Ontario's municipalities, is responsible for property assessments. MPAC provides the current value assessment (CVA) of each property in the returned assessment roll in December of each year. The amount of property tax levied on an individual property is the product of the CVA, the municipal tax rate by class, and the education tax rate by class.

Taxation revenue is recorded at the time tax billings are issued. Additional property tax revenue can be added throughout the year, relating to: newly occupied properties, properties omitted in the December assessment roll, or other MPAC adjustments. Tax revenue can also be reduced if there are reductions in assessment values resulting from property assessment appeals.

(ii) Government transfers

Government transfers are recognized as revenues when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

(iii) User charges

User charges relate to various municipal programs and fees imposed based on specific activities. Examples of user charges include: recreation programs, water, wastewater, and solid waste. Revenue is recognized when the activity is performed or when services are rendered.

(iv) Developer contributed assets

Developer contributed assets are recognized in the year that the subdivision has reached preliminary acceptance from the County. Estimated value is provided by the developer with the exception of storm management ponds which is estimated based on acreage.

(v) Other income

Other income is recognized in the year that the events giving rise to the revenue occur and the revenue is earned. Amounts received which relate to revenue that will be earned in a future year are deferred and reported as liabilities on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost, less accumulated amortization. Costs include all costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of the tangible capital asset including transportation costs, installation costs, design and engineering fees, legal fees, and site preparation costs. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at fair value at the time of the donation, with a corresponding amount recorded as revenue. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated life of the tangible capital asset commencing the year the asset is available for productive use. Half the normal rate of amortization is recorded in the initial year of productive use. Amortization rates are as follows:

| Land improvements | 50 years |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Buildings and structures | 50 to 100 years |
| Infrastructure | 28 to 100 years |
| Vehicles, machinery, and | 5 to 20 years |
| equipment | |

Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost, less any amounts written off to reflect a permanent decline in value. Investments consist of authorized investments pursuant to provisions of the Municipal Act and are comprised of government bonds, GICs, money market instruments, high interest savings, step up notes and principal protected notes.

Investment income earned on available current funds, reserves, and reserve funds (other than obligatory funds) are reported in the period earned. Investment income earned on obligatory reserve funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of the respective deferred revenue balances.

As approved in the Hydro Legacy Fund Policy, starting in 2017, market investment earnings are to be accrued to the Hydro Legacy Fund based on the average yield to maturity. The annual market yield to be accrued is determined annually by the Investment Committee, with advice from the external investment manager. Any accrued investment income to the Hydro Legacy Fund will be offset by the Investment Income Stabilization Reserve and later reconciled as the related growth income matures or is liquidated.

Inventory

Inventory of supplies held for consumption is valued at the lower of cost or replacement value.

Deferred revenue

The municipality receives funds for specific purposes, which are externally restricted by legislation, regulation, or agreement. These restricted funds are not available for general municipal purposes and are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the funds are used for the specified purpose.



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are all other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period.

Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include valuation allowances for taxes receivable, accounts receivable, employee benefits liability, and solid waste landfill closure and postclosure liability. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in operations in the year which they become known.

Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. INVESTMENTS

Investments, as at December 31, consist of the following:

| | 2021 | | 2020 | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| | Market Value | Carrying Value | Market Value | Carrying Value |
| Fixed income | | | | |
| Government bonds and GICs Money market instruments High interest savings Step up note Principal protected notes | \$ 5,332,101 2,921,758 18,302,868 30,000,000 60,663,610 | \$ 5,256,607 2,921,758 18,302,868 30,000,000 58,000,000 | \$ 6,995,224 962,224 23,114,189 - 59,760,360 | \$ 6,871,086 962,224 23,114,189 - 58,000,000 |
| | 117,220,337 | 114,481,233 | 90,831,997 | 88,947,499 |
| Growth/equity investments | | | | |
| Principal protected notes | 111,059,000 | 95,000,000 | 95,325,700 | 92,000,000 |
| | \$228,279,337 | \$209,481,233 | \$186,157,697 | \$180,947,499 |

Maturity dates on the investments in the portfolio range from 2022 to 2028.



4. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY

The municipality provides certain employee benefits which will require funding in future periods and is comprised of the following:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Vested and non-vested sick leave | \$ 1,148,700 | \$ 1,074,300 |
| Post-employment and post-retirement benefits | 2,833,500 | 2,800,000 |
| Workers' compensation | 8,108,200 | 9,082,600 |
| | \$ 12,090,400 | \$ 12,956,900 |

The County is liable for vacation days earned by its employees as at December 31, but not taken until a later date. The liability as at December 31, 2021 is estimated at \$424,175 (2020 - \$398,136) and is recorded in accounts payable.

a) Liability for vested and non-vested sick leave benefits

Under the sick leave benefit plan, unused sick leave can be accumulated and some employees may become entitled to a cash payment when they leave the municipality's employment. The amount paid to employees who left the County's employment during the year amounted to \$nil (2020 - \$11,851).

A comprehensive actuarial evaluation for the vested and non-vested sick leave benefits liability was conducted as at December 31, 2019. The report includes projections for the years 2020 to 2022.

The estimate of the vested and non-vested sick leave benefits liability, based on the actuarial report, is \$1,148,700 (2020 - \$1,074,300). The County has established a reserve fund of \$315,406 (2020 - \$306,096) to mitigate some of the future impacts of these obligations; however, vested and non-vested sick leave benefits are unfunded by a balance of \$833,294 (2020 - \$768,204). This unfunded liability is presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position in accumulated surplus (Note 10).



4. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITY (continued)

b) Post-employment and post-retirement benefits

Haldimand County provides retirement benefits consisting of health care, dental, and life insurance to qualifying members.

A comprehensive actuarial evaluation for the employee benefits liability was conducted as at December 31, 2019, the report includes projections for the years 2020 to 2022. Significant assumptions used in the actuarial evaluation are:

| Discount rate | 2.90% |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| Extended healthcare trend rate | |
| Initial | 5.83% |
| Ultimate | 3.91% |
| Year ultimate reached | 2036 |
| Dental trend rate | 4.00% |

The estimate of the post-employment and post-retirement benefits liability, based on the actuarial report, is \$2,833,500 (2020 - \$2,800,000). The County has established a reserve fund of \$1,271,599 (2020 - \$1,155,148) to mitigate some of the future impacts of these obligations; however, post-employment and post-retirement benefits are unfunded by a balance of \$1,561,901 (2020 - \$1,644,852). This unfunded liability is presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position in accumulated surplus (Note 10).

c) Workers' compensation

Haldimand County is self-insured for injured worker benefits with the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board (WSIB) administering the benefits on behalf of the municipality as a Schedule II employer.

The estimate of future benefit costs for WSIB claims based on a comprehensive actuarial evaluation are \$8,108,200 (2020 - \$9,082,600). The County has established a reserve fund of \$9,986,258 (2020 - \$8,456,785) to mitigate the future impacts of these obligations; WSIB is overfunded by a balance of \$1,878,058 (2020 - underfunded by a balance of \$625,815). This overfunded asset is presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position in accumulated surplus (Note 10).

The County also administers a reserve fund, in trust, from the former Regional Municipality of Haldimand-Norfolk, for WSIB, which has a gross amount of \$358,477 (2020 - \$376,350).

5. ALLOWANCE FOR ASSESSMENT ADJUSTMENTS

Haldimand County has included annual allowances to cover the estimated costs of the disposition of various assessment appeals initiated by property owners. The final outcome of these outstanding amounts cannot be determined at this time. However, management believes the ultimate disposition of these appeals will not materially exceed the allowance recorded in these consolidated financial statements.



6. DEFERRED REVENUE

A requirement of the Public Sector Accounting Principles of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants, is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place as provincial legislation restricts how these funds may be used and under certain circumstances these funds may possibly be refunded. The balances in deferred revenue including obligatory reserve funds of The Corporation of Haldimand County are as follows:

| | Opening | Contributions | Investment | Revenue | Ending |
|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Balance | Received | Income | Recognized | Balance |
| Parkland | \$ 776,545 | \$ 29,358 | \$ 24,275 | \$- | \$ 830,178 |
| Development charges | 3,856,058 | 11,192,488 | 248,316 | (4,697,198) | 10,599,664 |
| Building permits | 5,512,359 | 1,553,295 | 164,558 | (325,674) | 6,904,538 |
| Federal gas tax | 2,413,334 | 5,673,985 | 126,667 | (791,000) | 7,422,986 |
| Provincial OCIF | 1,580,893 | 2,636,631 | 46,223 | (3,247,209) | 1,016,538 |
| Deferred provincial grants | 755,781 | - | - | - | 755,781 |
| Other | 493,668 | 1,217,706 | - | (493,668) | 1,217,706 |
| | \$15,388,638 | \$ 22,303,463 | \$ 610,039 | \$ (9,554,749) | \$ 28,747,391 |



7. SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITY

Tom Howe landfill site is jointly owned by Norfolk County and Haldimand County and, as anticipated, reached its capacity of 2,300,000 cubic metres in October 2015.

Canborough landfill site is also jointly owned by Norfolk County and Haldimand County. The Canborough landfill site was temporarily closed, to be re-opened and used once Tom Howe landfill site reached its capacity. In July 2014, it was decided by both counties that the Canborough landfill site would not be re-opened and would be permanently closed.

The costs of closing and maintaining the landfill sites are shared by both Norfolk County and Haldimand County. It is estimated that Haldimand County's share of the total costs to close and maintain the sites are approximately \$14,985,240. The estimated costs are calculated at net present value. Haldimand County has not designated any specific assets to assist with the cost of closing the sites. However, Haldimand County's share of the capital costs to close the sites have been included in the 10-year Capital Forecast and have been funded from capital reserves. Post-closure activities will continue for 93 years Tom Home landfill site and 75 years for Canborough landfill site.

Key assumptions in determining the liability at December 31, 2019 for the sites are as follows:

| Inflation rate | | 2.0% | 6 |
|--|------------|------------|---------------|
| Discount rate | | 4.0% | 6 |
| Estimated time for post-closure site rehabiliation and mon | toring: | | |
| - Tom Howe landf | ll site | 93 years | s |
| - Canborough land | lfill site | e 75 years | S |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Capital costs upon closure | \$ | 610,222 | \$ 467,555 |
| Closed landfill site rehabilitation and monitoring | | 14,375,018 | 15,074,412 |
| | \$ | 14.985.240 | \$ 15,541,967 |



8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

a) Long-term liabilities reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is comprised of the following:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------------|--------------|
| Total long-term liabilities issued or assumed by the municipality | | |
| and outstanding at the end of the year amounts to: | \$ 63,964,393 | \$62,404,317 |

b) Of the long-term liabilities reported above, principal payments are recoverable from general municipal revenues and are repayable as follows:

| 2022 | 7,641,438 |
|------------|---------------|
| 2023 | 7,662,438 |
| 2024 | 6,798,118 |
| 2025 | 6,822,118 |
| 2026 | 6,851,118 |
| Thereafter | 27,919,163 |
| | \$ 63,694,393 |

The above long-term liabilities have maturity dates ranging from 2023 to 2039 with interest rates varying between 1.8% to 5.27%

c) The long-term liabilities in part (a) have been approved by by-law. The annual principal and interest payments required to service these liabilities are within the annual debt repayments and limits prescribed by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

9. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

| | | Land | Buildings and | | Vehicles, Machinery and | Assets under | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | Land | Improvements | Structures | Infrastructure | Equipment | Construction | 2021 |
| Cost, beginning of year | \$14,314,994 | \$ 72,256,810 | \$ 175,769,754 | \$ 558,565,817 | \$ 101,902,786 | \$33,969,900 | \$ 956,780,061 |
| Additions | 360,150 | 1,891,023 | 2,771,888 | 19,525,064 | 4,311,867 | 17,255,832 | 46,115,824 |
| Disposals | - | - | (144,862) | (6,731,043) | (1,469,325) | - | (8,345,230) |
| Transfer to capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | (11,309,818) | (11,309,818) |
| Cost, end of year | 14,675,144 | 74,147,833 | 178,396,780 | 571,359,838 | 104,745,328 | 39,915,914 | 983,240,837 |
| Accumulated amortization, | | | | | | | |
| beginning of year | - | 35,522,706 | 54,738,057 | 314,339,604 | 50,267,593 | - | 454,867,960 |
| Amortization | - | 1,618,805 | 3,640,430 | 14,491,451 | 5,310,645 | - | 25,061,331 |
| Disposals | - | - | (144,862) | (6,126,284) | (1,362,321) | - | (7,633,467) |
| Accumulated amortization, | | | | | | | |
| end of year | - | 37,141,511 | 58,233,625 | 322,704,771 | 54,215,917 | - | 472,295,824 |
| Net carrying amount, end of year | \$14,675,144 | \$ 37,006,322 | \$ 120,163,155 | \$ 248,655,067 | \$ 50,529,411 | \$39,915,914 | \$ 510,945,013 |



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

9. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

| | | Land | Buildings and | | Vehicles, Machinery and | Assets under | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | Land | Improvements | Structures | Infrastructure | Equipment | Construction | 2020 |
| Cost, beginning of year | \$13,995,225 | \$ 69,947,289 | \$ 158,131,681 | \$ 546,292,464 | \$ 97,451,483 | \$36,662,512 | \$ 922,480,654 |
| Additions | 330,317 | 2,364,334 | 17,754,133 | 15,547,405 | 5,754,523 | 21,713,638 | 63,464,350 |
| Disposals | (10,548) | (54,813) | (116,060) | (3,274,052) | (1,303,220) | - | (4,758,693) |
| Transfer to capital assets | - | - | - | - | - | (24,406,250) | (24,406,250) |
| Cost, end of year | 14,314,994 | 72,256,810 | 175,769,754 | 558,565,817 | 101,902,786 | 33,969,900 | 956,780,061 |
| Accumulated amortization, | | | | | | | |
| beginning of year | - | 34,045,315 | 51,339,803 | 302,363,225 | 46,256,098 | - | 434,004,441 |
| Amortization | - | 1,532,204 | 3,489,760 | 14,594,001 | 5,275,456 | - | 24,891,421 |
| Disposals | - | (54,813) | (91,506) | (2,617,622) | (1,263,961) | - | (4,027,902) |
| Accumulated amortization, | | | | | | | |
| end of year | - | 35,522,706 | 54,738,057 | 314,339,604 | 50,267,593 | - | 454,867,960 |
| Net carrying amount, end of year | \$14,314,994 | \$ 36,734,104 | \$ 121,031,697 | \$ 244,226,213 | \$ 51,635,193 | \$33,969,900 | \$ 501,912,101 |



10. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

The Corporation of Haldimand County segregates its accumulated surplus into the following categories:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|--------------|----------------|
| Investment in tangible capital assets \$ | 510,945,013 | \$ 501,912,101 |
| Long-term liabilities | (63,964,393) | (62,404,317) |
| Unfinanced capital | 3,878,709 | (1,759,261) |
| Net investment in tangible capital assets | 450,859,329 | 437,748,523 |
| BIA surpluses | 121,894 | 121,894 |
| Reserves and reserve funds - Operating | | |
| Contingency | 19,505,647 | 15,637,103 |
| Land sales | 2,263,673 | 2,100,385 |
| Employee benefits insurance | 2,695,734 | 2,609,114 |
| Insurance | 1,518,985 | 1,294,198 |
| Water rate stabilization | 3,131,053 | 2,850,905 |
| Wastewater rate stabilization | 2,909,916 | 1,728,245 |
| Investment income stabilization | 2,632,875 | 2,718,119 |
| Other | 6,950,405 | 6,244,475 |
| | 41,608,288 | 35,182,544 |
| Reserves and reserve funds - Capital | | |
| Roads infrastructure | 16,136,063 | 15,592,659 |
| Wastewater | 17,599,794 | 16,185,174 |
| Water | 8,676,333 | 8,688,157 |
| General | 7,993,535 | 7,673,071 |
| Storm sewer | 1,105,747 | 1,039,582 |
| Fire fleet | 4,348,654 | 3,468,351 |
| Other fleet | 2,360,253 | 2,052,905 |
| Other | 8,998,403 | 8,691,948 |
| | 67,218,782 | 63,391,847 |
| Subtotal - Reserves and reserve funds | 108,827,070 | 98,574,391 |
| Hydro legacy fund | 90,050,313 | 86,586,840 |
| Community vibrancy fund | (9,096,504) | (10,319,377) |
| WSIB reserve fund held jointly | | |
| with Norfolk County (gross amounts) | 358,477 | 376,350 |
| Unfunded liabilities | | |
| Solid waste landfill closure and post-closure liability | (14,985,240) | (15,541,967) |
| Post-employment and post-retirement benefits liability | (1,561,901) | (1,644,852) |
| Vested and non-vested sick leave liability | (833,294) | (768,204) |
| WSIB | 1,878,058 | (625,815) |
| | (15,502,377) | (18,580,838) |
| \$ | 625,618,202 | \$ 594,507,783 |



11. GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS - FEDERAL

| | Budget (Note 18) | 2021 | 2020 |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Operating | | | |
| Conditional | \$ 63,840 | \$ 198,320 | \$ 98,209 |
| Capital | | · | |
| Infrastructure funding | - | 38,160 | 416,468 |
| Federal gas tax revenue | 2,892,930 | 791,000 | 5,856,655 |
| | \$ 2,956,770 | \$ 1,027,480 | \$ 6,371,332 |

12. GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS - PROVINCIAL

| | Budget (Note 18) | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Operating | | | |
| Ontario Municipal Partnership Fund | \$ 3,922,200 | \$ 3,922,200 | \$ 3,951,800 |
| Safe Restart funding | - | 1,142,248 | 2,532,800 |
| Conditional | 13,571,540 | 12,599,843 | 12,733,550 |
| Capital | | | |
| Infrastructure funding | - | 4,908,299 | 6,068,251 |
| | \$ 17,493,740 | \$ 22,572,590 | \$ 25,286,401 |

13. OTHER INCOME

| | Budget (Note 18) | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Licenses, permits, rents, and concessions | \$ 4,078,050 | \$ 4,057,359 | \$ 3,894,511 |
| Provincial offences and other fines | 369,260 | 519,294 | 417,071 |
| Penalties and interest on taxes | 900,000 | 1,307,719 | 1,207,672 |
| Investment income | 1,611,370 | 6,019,990 | 2,682,909 |
| Development charges earned | - | 4,697,198 | 3,030,782 |
| Developer contributed assets | - | 9,847,240 | 8,599,205 |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | 261,470 | 229,559 | 245,365 |
| Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets | - | (554,721) | (136,242) |
| Donations | 174,530 | 116,388 | 62,662 |
| Other | 8,450 | 300,816 | 832,710 |
| | \$ 7,403,130 | \$ 26,540,842 | \$ 20,836,645 |



14. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

a) Veolia Water Canada (U.S. Filter) (PSG)

Haldimand County has entered into an agreement with Veolia Water Canada for the operation and maintenance of regional wastewater treatment facilities and pumping stations. This contract expires June 30, 2024 and the annual cost of this contract for 2021 was \$2,580,468 (2020 - \$2,516,404).

b) Ontario Clean Water Agency (OCWA)

Haldimand County has entered into an new agreement with Ontario Clean Water Agency for the operation and maintenance of the Central Water System in Nanticoke and the water systems in Dunnville. This contract expires September 30, 2030. The annual cost of this contract for 2021 was \$2,075,390. Previously this contact was held with Veolia Water Canada and the annual cost for 2020 was \$2,058,951.

c) Ontario Provincial Police contract

Haldimand County has entered into a five-year agreement with the Solicitor General of Ontario for the provision of police services. The five-year term expires December 31, 2022. The annual cost of this contract for 2021 was \$7,953,363 (2020 - \$7,702,729).

d) Hamilton Water contract

Haldimand County has entered into a twenty-year contract with the City of Hamilton to purchase water for the supply to Caledonia and Cayuga, this contract expires July 31, 2034. In 2021 Haldimand County paid \$3,181,605 (2020 - \$2,142,237) for water under this contract.

e) Halton Cheshire Homes Inc. mortgage guarantee

Haldimand County has entered into a twenty-five year agreement as the guarantor for the mortgage between Halton Cheshire Homes Inc. as mortgagor and Infrastructure Ontario as mortgagee in the amount of \$999,165. As at December 31, 2021, the balance outstanding was \$643,076. This agreement expires August 31, 2036.

f) Landfill sites

Under the terms of an interim agreement between Haldimand County and Norfolk County, Haldimand County is responsible for the two landfill sites within the geographic boundaries of Haldimand County, which are available for the use of both counties. Ownership of all facilities is vested jointly through Provincial legislation and/or asset allocation through the Arbitrator's Report following restructuring.

15. PENSION AGREEMENTS

The municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund (OMERS), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefits to be received by the employees based on length of service and rate of pay.

The amount contributed to OMERS for current service is included as an expenditure on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The amount contributed to OMERS for 2021 was \$2,793,434 (2020 - \$2,724,389). Since any surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees, the municipality does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit in these consolidated financial statements.



16. PUBLIC LIABILITY INSURANCE

Haldimand County has a program of risk identification, evaluation, and control to minimize the risk of injury to its employees and to third parties and to minimize the risk of damage to its property and the property of others. It uses a combination of self-insurance and purchased insurance to protect itself financially against the risk that it cannot reasonably control. The municipality has adequate self-insurance coverage. Purchased insurance coverage is in place for claims in excess of these limits to a maximum of \$50,000,000 with the exception of certain environmental liability claims, should such claims arise.

At December 31, 2021, there are outstanding legal and liability claims against Haldimand County, which were assumed from predecessor municipalities. Any insured amounts have not been provided for in the financial statements, as the outcome of the related claim(s) is not in excess of insurance coverage. For claims not covered by purchased insurance, a reserve has been established by Haldimand County (post-restructuring), which has a balance at December 31, 2021 of \$1,518,985 (2020 - \$1,294,208).

17. CONTAMINATED SITES

A contaminated site is an unproductive site at which substances occur in concentrations that exceed the maximum acceptable amounts under an environmental standard. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when the County is directly responsible or accepts responsibility; it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and a reasonable estimate for the amount can be made. All criteria must be met in order to recognize a liability. As at December 31, 2021, there is no liability recorded in the consolidated financial statements. The County will continue to review contaminated sites on an annual basis and, when the criteria for recognition have been met, a liability will be recorded.



18. BUDGET FIGURES

The budget adopted by Council was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results (public sector accounting standards). The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while public sector accounting standards now require a full accrual basis to be used. The budget figures anticipated using surpluses accumulated in previous years to reduce current year expenditures in excess of current year revenues to \$nil. In addition, the budget expensed all tangible capital expenditures rather than including amortization expense. As a result, the budget figures presented in the Consolidated Statements of Operations represent the budget adopted by Council with adjustments as follows:

| | 2 | 021 |
|---|--------|----------|
| Budget surplus for the year adopted by Council | \$ | - |
| Add: | | |
| Budgeted transfers to accumulated surplus | 30,4 | 420,460 |
| Principal payments on debt | 6, | 788,573 |
| Less: | | |
| Budgeted transfers from accumulated surplus | (7, | 042,680) |
| Budgeted transfers from capital fund | (1, | 070,450) |
| Amortization | (25, | 061,330) |
| | | |
| Budget surplus per Consolidated Statement of Operations | \$ 4,0 | 034,573 |

19. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain prior year figures have been adjusted to conform with the 2021 financial statement presentation.

20. EXTRAORDINARY EVENTS

In March 2020. the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the noval coronavirus (COVID-19). This has resulted in governments worldwide, including the Federal, Provincial, and Municipal governments, enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods, and social distancing, have caused material disruption to businesses in Ontario resulting in an economic slowdown. The Federal and Provincial Governments, as well as the Bank of Canada, have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. The success of these interventions is not currently determinable. The current challenging economic climate may lead to adverse changes in cash flows, working capital and debt requirements, which may also have a direct impact on the County's operating results and financial position in the future. The situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and our business are not known at this time.



21. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Corporation of Haldimand County is a municipality that provides a wide range of services to its residents. The major services chosen for segmented disclosure are the five departments that consume the greatest amount of the County's total operating expenses. The revenue and expenses reported for each segment includes directly attributable amounts as well as internal charges and recoveries allocated on a reasonable basis.

A description of each major service and the activities each provide are as follows:

General government

The general government includes council and corporate management.

Protection services

The protection services includes fire, police, conservation authority, protection inspection and control, emergency measures, and Provincial Offences Act.

Transportation services

The transportation services department is responsible for the safe and efficient movement of people and goods within Haldimand County. Responsibilities include road construction and maintenance, traffic signals and signs, winter control, developing parking and traffic by-laws, and implementation and maintenance of street lighting.

Environmental services

This segment includes sanitary sewer system, storm sewer system, waterworks system, waste collection and disposal, recycling and administration.

Social and family services

Social and family services includes general assistance for Ontario Works, assistance to aged persons for Grandview Lodge, and child care.

Other services

Other services includes health services, social housing, recreation and cultural services, and planning and development.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021

21. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

| | General Government | Protection Services | Transportation Services | Environmental Services | Social and Family Services | Other Services | Consolidated 2021 |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Revenue | | | | | | | |
| Government transfers - Federal | \$ 791,000 | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$ 38,160 | \$ 198,320 | \$ 1,027,480 |
| Government transfers - Provincial | 8,497,264 | 212,346 | 1,335,051 | 703,586 | 8,217,596 | 3,606,747 | 22,572,590 |
| User charges | 2,161,648 | 144,682 | 156,748 | 20,876,231 | 2,782,300 | 2,140,239 | 28,261,848 |
| Other revenue [1] | 23,905,462 | 2,366,440 | 102,884 | 2,325,489 | 30,339 | 327,385 | 29,057,999 |
| | 35,355,374 | 2,723,468 | 1,594,683 | 23,905,306 | 11,068,395 | 6,272,691 | 80,919,917 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | |
| Salaries, wages, and benefits | 8,508,906 | 4,471,859 | 5,415,395 | 4,010,178 | 9,194,014 | 14,113,806 | 45,714,158 |
| Materials | 3,042,610 | 486,472 | 3,041,357 | 6,740,283 | 1,365,888 | 1,678,656 | 16,355,266 |
| Contracted services | 3,009,689 | 10,104,206 | 10,733,760 | 8,459,363 | 1,713,391 | 2,763,470 | 36,783,879 |
| External transfers | - | 35,065 | - | - | - | 528,374 | 563,439 |
| Financial expenses | 317,981 | 3,111 | 36,635 | 27,387 | 390 | 92,286 | 477,790 |
| Interest on long-term liabilities | 494,206 | 61,698 | - | 409,139 | 335,747 | 527,174 | 1,827,964 |
| Amortization | 1,164,588 | 1,107,916 | 14,168,774 | 5,220,477 | 656,488 | 2,743,087 | 25,061,330 |
| Interdepartmental charges | (8,378,712) | 1,823,418 | 3,260,584 | 1,160,260 | 626,790 | 1,507,660 | - |
| | 8,159,268 | 18,093,745 | 36,656,505 | 26,027,087 | 13,892,708 | 23,954,513 | 126,783,826 |
| Surplus (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year | _ | | | | | | _ |
| financed by net municipal levy | \$27,196,106 | \$ (15,370,277) | \$ (35,061,822) | \$ (2,121,781) | \$ (2,824,313) | \$ (17,681,822) | \$ (45,863,909) |
| Taxation revenue | | | | | | | 76,974,328 |
| | | | | | | | |

Annual surplus

\$ 31,110,419

[1] Other revenue - Includes fines, penalties and interest on taxes, recoveries from other municipalities, investment income, sale of assets, prepaid special charges, and donations.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021

21. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

| | | | | | Social and | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | General | Protection | Transportation | | Family | Other | Consolidated |
| | Government | Services | Services | Services | Services | Services | 2020 |
| Revenue | | | | | | | |
| Government transfers - Federal | \$ 5,856,655 | \$- | \$- | \$ 416,468 | \$- | \$ 98,209 | \$ 6,371,332 |
| Government transfers - Provincial | 9,771,505 | 183,858 | 3,095,788 | 802,183 | 7,868,162 | 3,564,905 | 25,286,401 |
| User charges | 2,069,642 | 215,653 | 38,393 | 19,809,769 | 2,933,341 | 1,787,162 | 26,853,960 |
| Other revenue [1] | 17,834,174 | 2,302,395 | 418,513 | 2,391,635 | 15,697 | 226,803 | 23,189,217 |
| | 35,531,976 | 2,701,906 | 3,552,694 | 23,420,055 | 10,817,200 | 5,677,079 | 81,700,910 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | |
| Salaries, wages, and benefits | 8,173,786 | 3,776,589 | 5,018,353 | 4,193,133 | 8,978,244 | 12,192,264 | 42,332,369 |
| Materials | 4,222,422 | 590,793 | 2,875,122 | 5,985,661 | 1,482,583 | 1,777,059 | 16,933,640 |
| Contracted services | 3,261,082 | 9,872,961 | 12,012,141 | 8,207,666 | 1,361,717 | 3,191,137 | 37,906,704 |
| External transfers | 2,250 | 615,268 | - | - | - | 775,219 | 1,392,737 |
| Financial expenses | 397,709 | 4,587 | 74,588 | 24,149 | 1,377 | 50,446 | 552,856 |
| Interest on long-term liabilities | 521,968 | 74,216 | - | 485,523 | 385,864 | 585,809 | 2,053,380 |
| Amortization | 1,110,404 | 1,096,404 | 14,372,677 | 4,925,013 | 653,076 | 2,548,669 | 24,706,243 |
| Interdepartmental charges | (8,096,776) | 1,810,358 | 3,022,119 | 1,131,679 | 631,630 | 1,500,990 | - |
| | 9,592,845 | 17,841,176 | 37,375,000 | 24,952,824 | 13,494,491 | 22,621,593 | 125,877,929 |
| Surplus (deficiency) of revenue | | | | | | | |
| over expenses for the year financed by net municipal levy | \$ 25,939,131 | \$ (15,139,270) | \$ (33,822,306) | \$ (1,532,769) | \$ (2,677,291) | \$ (16,944,514) | \$ (44,177,019) |

Taxation revenue

Annual surplus

73,920,774

\$ 29,743,755

[1] Other revenue - Includes fines, penalties and interest on taxes, recoveries from other municipalities, investment income, sale of assets, prepaid special charges, and donations.



The Corporation of Haldimand County Library Division - Schedule of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2021

| | Budget 2021 | | 2021 | | 2020 |
|--|----------------|-------------|--------------|----|-------------|
| REVENUE | | | | | |
| Government transfers: | | | | | |
| Provincial library operating grant (Ministry of | | | | | |
| Tourism, Culture, and Sport) | \$ | 72,400 | \$ 72,400 | \$ | 72,400 |
| Pay equity | | 6,800 | 6,762 | | 6,762 |
| Other | | 3,360 | 5,132 | | - |
| Fees and service charges | | 13,510 | 10,665 | | 9,394 |
| Fines | | 16,780 | 11,422 | | 10,971 |
| Donations | | 10,800 | 11,290 | | 13,785 |
| Other revenue | | 9,630 | 11,715 | | 5,858 |
| | | 133,280 | 129,386 | | 119,170 |
| EXPENSES | | | | | |
| Salaries, wages, and benefits | | 1,497,190 | 1,334,249 | | 1,151,157 |
| Materials and supplies | | 67,900 | 48,584 | | 55,911 |
| Services | | 229,680 | 195,002 | | 156,002 |
| Rents and financial expenses | | 685,460 | 668,817 | | 687,677 |
| | | 2,480,230 | 2,246,652 | | 2,050,747 |
| DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | | | | | |
| BEFORE UNDERNOTED ITEMS | | (2,346,950) | (2,117,266) | | (1,931,577) |
| Transfer from reserves | | 227,520 | 204,904 | | 206,842 |
| Transfer to reserves | | (318,900) | (525,967) | | (702,715) |
| | | (91,380) | (321,063) | | (495,873) |
| DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR, FINANCED BY NET MUNICIPAL LEVY | \$ | (2,438,330) | \$ | \$ | (2,427,450) |

The above financial information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Haldimand County.



Museum Division - Schedule of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2021

| | Budget 2021 | 2021 | | 2020 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|----|-----------|
| | | | | |
| REVENUE | | | | |
| Government transfers | \$ 60,490 | \$ 136,346 | \$ | 81,443 |
| Fees and service charges | 7,590 | 4,856 | | 2,464 |
| Donations | 6,630 | 6,482 | | 2,756 |
| Other revenue | 16,240 | - | | - |
| | 90,950 | 147,684 | | 86,663 |
| EXPENSES | | | | |
| Salaries, wages and benefits | 348,570 | 345,677 | | 294.771 |
| Materials and supplies | 57,260 | 49,095 | | 40,344 |
| Services | 24,860 | 15,564 | | 18,391 |
| Rents and financial expenses | 730 | 328 | | - |
| | 431,420 | 410,664 | | 353,506 |
| DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES BEFORE UNDERNOTED ITEMS | (340,470) | (262,980) | | (266,843) |
| Transfer from reserves | - | - | | - |
| DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR FINANCED BY NET MUNICIPAL LEVY | \$ (340,470) | \$ (262,980) | \$ | (266,843) |

The above financial information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Haldimand County.



Trust Funds - Financial Statements **December 31, 2021**





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of Haldimand County:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Trust Funds of The Corporation of Haldimand County (the Organization), which comprises of the balance sheet as at December 31, 2021, and the statement of continuity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2021, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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Millard, Rouse & Rosebrugh LLP

Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of Haldimand County: *(continued)*

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or
 conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going
 concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our
 auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are
 inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to
 the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to
 cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

November 1, 2022 Simcoe, Ontario

Millard, Rouse + Rosebrugh LLP

Millard, Rouse & Rosebrugh LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

The Corporation of Haldimand County Balance Sheet - Trust Funds

| | Combined Cemetery Perpetual Care | Grandview Bequest Trust | Grandview Comfort Trust | Total 2021 | Total 2020 | |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| NET ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$- | \$- | \$ 47,705 | \$ 47,705 | \$ 106,640 | |
| Investments (Note 2) | 1,389,383 | - | - | \$1,389,383 | 1,340,824 | |
| Due from (to) Haldimand County | (20,537) | 93,961 | 75,764 | \$ 149,188 | 126,167 | |
| TOTAL NET ASSETS | \$1,368,846 | \$ 93,961 | \$123,469 | \$1,586,276 | \$1,573,631 | |
| TRUST FUND BALANCE | \$1,368,846 | \$ 93,961 | \$123,469 | \$1,586,276 | \$1,573,631 | |

The Corporation of Haldimand County Statement of Continuity - Trust Funds Year ended December 31, 2021

| | Combined Cemetery Perpetual Care | | Grandview Bequest Trust | | Grandview Comfort Trust | | Total 2021 | | Total 2020 | |
|---|---|----------|-------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| RECEIPTS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sale of plots and markers | \$ | 35,209 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 35,209 | \$ | 45,770 |
| Investment income | | 11,113 | | 3,035 | | - | | 14,148 | | 20,177 |
| Resident contributions | | - | | - | | 207,497 | | 207,497 | | 179,907 |
| Donations | | - | | 775 | | - | | 775 | | 609 |
| | | 46,322 | | 3,810 | | 207,497 | | 257,629 | | 246,463 |
| Disbursements | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfer to cemetery operations | | 11,113 | | - | | - | | 11,113 | | 17,174 |
| Transfer to County (Note 3) | | - | | 9,693 | | - | | 9,693 | | 9,650 |
| Transfer to residents | | - | | - | | 224,178 | | 224,178 | | 176,560 |
| | | 11,113 | | 9,693 | | 224,178 | | 244,984 | | 203,384 |
| NET RECEIPTS (DISBURSEMENTS) FOR THE YEAR | | 35,209 | | (5,883) | | (16,681) | | 12,645 | | 43,079 |
| Trust fund balance - beginning of year | 1 | ,333,637 | | 99,844 | | 140,150 | | 1,573,631 | | 1,530,552 |
| TRUST FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR | \$ 1 | ,368,846 | \$ | 93,961 | \$ | 123,469 | \$1 | 1,586,276 | \$´ | 1,573,631 |

The Corporation of Haldimand County Notes to the Trust Funds Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements of the Trust Funds of the Corporation of Norfolk County are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

Revenue recognition

Sale of plots and markers and resident contributions are recognized as income when earned under the respective contracts, provided the amount is measurable and collection is reasonably assured. Investment income is recognized as it is earned.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period.

Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

2. INVESTMENTS

Trust fund investments of \$1,389,383 (2020 - \$1,340,824) reported on the Balance Sheet at cost, have a fair value of \$1,389,383 (2020 - \$\$1,340,824) at the end of the year.

3. TRANSFER TO COUNTY

During the year, the Grandview Bequest Trust contributed to Haldimand County capital projects that were for the benefit of Grandview residents in the amount of \$9,693 (2020 - \$9,650).

4. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

A statement of cash flow has not been provided as the information is readily available in the financial statements provided.